

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

Global Weather Productions, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

Service Broadcasting Group, LLC,

Defendant.

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Case No:

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Global Weather Productions, LLC (“*Plaintiff*”), by and through its undersigned counsel, for its Complaint against defendant Service Broadcasting Group, LLC (“*Defendant*”) states and alleges as follows:

INTRODUCTION

1. This action seeks to recover damages for copyright infringement under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C §101 *et seq.*

2. Michael Brandon Clement (“*Clement*”) created a video showing cars sliding and crashing on the icy Metro in Dallas, Texas as the result of freezing rain fall (the “*Video*”) in which Plaintiff owns the rights and licenses for various uses including online and print publications.

3. Defendant is a media and broadcasting company which owns and operates a Facebook account with the name “k104fm” (“*Account 1*”).

4. Defendant also owns and operates an Instagram account with the name “k104fm” (“*Account 2*”).

5. Hereinafter, Account 1 and Account 2 are referred to collectively as the “*Accounts*”.

6. Defendant, without permission or authorization from Plaintiff, actively copied and displayed the Video on the Accounts and engaged in this misconduct knowingly and in violation of the United States copyright laws.

PARTIES

7. Global Weather Productions, LLC is a Wyoming limited liability company and maintains its principal place of business in Sheridan County, Wyoming.

8. Upon information and belief, defendant Service Broadcasting Group, LLC, is a Texas limited liability company with a principal place of business at 2221 East Lamar Boulevard, Arlington in Tarrant County, Texas and is liable and responsible to Plaintiff based on the facts herein alleged.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

9. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the federal copyright infringement claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1338(a) and 28 U.S.C. §1331.

10. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because it maintains its principal place of business in Texas.

11. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(2) because Defendant does business in this Judicial District and/or because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in this Judicial District.

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CLAIMS

A. Plaintiff's Copyright Ownership

12. Plaintiff is a professional videography company which is the legal and rightful owner of certain videos which Plaintiff commercially licenses.

13. Plaintiff has invested significant time and money in building Plaintiff's video portfolio.

14. Plaintiff has obtained active and valid copyright registrations from the United States Copyright Office (the "USCO") which cover many of Plaintiff's videos while many others are the subject of pending copyright applications.

15. Plaintiff's videos are original, creative works in which Plaintiff owns protectable copyright interests.

16. On January 30, 2023, Clement first published the Video. A copy of the Video is

attached hereto as Exhibit 1.

17. In creating the Video, Clement personally selected the subject matter, timing, lighting, angle, perspective, depth, lens, and camera equipment used to capture the video recording.

18. On March 9, 2023, the Video was registered by the USCO under Registration No. PA 2-404-916.

19. Clement created the Video with the intention of it being used commercially and for the purpose of display and/or public distribution.

20. On June 4, 2023, Plaintiff acquired the rights in and to the Video from Clement by way of written assignment.

B. Defendant's Infringing Activity

21. Defendant is the registered owner of the Accounts and is responsible for their content.

22. Defendant is the operator of the Accounts and is responsible for their content.

23. The Accounts are key components of Defendant's popular and lucrative commercial enterprise.

24. The Accounts are monetized in that they promote the business to the public and, upon information and belief, Defendant profits from these activities.

25. On or about February 1, 2023, Defendant displayed the Video on Account 1 as part of a Facebook post at URL: <https://www.facebook.com/watch/?v=511705820863056>. A copy of a screengrab of Account 1 including the Video is attached hereto collectively as Exhibit 2.

26. Further, on or about February 1, 2023, Defendant displayed the Video on Account 2 as part of an Instagram post at URL: https://www.instagram.com/p/CoHv5bSuLbN/?img_index=2. A copy of a screengrab of Account 2 including the Video is attached hereto collectively as Exhibit 2.

27. Without permission or authorization from Plaintiff, Defendant volitionally copied and displayed Plaintiff's copyright protected Video on the Accounts.

28. Upon information and belief, the Video was copied and displayed by Defendant

without license or permission, thereby infringing on Plaintiff's copyrights in and to the Video (hereinafter all of the unauthorized uses set forth above are referred to as the "*Infringements*").

29. The Infringements each include a URL ("*Uniform Resource Locator*") for a fixed tangible medium of expression that was sufficiently permanent or stable to permit it to be communicated for a period of more than a transitory duration and therefore constitutes a specific infringement. *17 U.S.C. §106(5)*.

30. The Infringements are exact copies of Plaintiff's original video recording that was directly copied and displayed by Defendant on the Accounts.

31. Upon information and belief, Defendant takes an active and pervasive role in the content posted on its Accounts, including, but not limited to copying, posting, selecting, commenting on, and/or displaying video recordings including but not limited to Plaintiff's Video.

32. Upon information and belief, the Video was willfully and volitionally posted to the Accounts by Defendant.

33. Upon information and belief, Defendant was aware of facts or circumstances from which the determination regarding the Infringements was apparent. Defendant cannot claim that it was not aware of the infringing activities, including the specific Infringements which form the basis of this complaint, since such a claim would amount to only willful blindness to the Infringements on the part of Defendant.

34. Upon information and belief, Defendant engaged in the Infringements knowingly and in violation of applicable United States copyright laws.

35. Upon information and belief, Defendant has the legal right and ability to control and limit the infringing activities on its Accounts and exercised and/or had the right and ability to exercise such right.

36. Upon information and belief, Defendant monitors the content on its Accounts.

37. Upon information and belief, Defendant has received a financial benefit directly attributable to the Infringements.

38. Upon information and belief, the Infringements increased traffic to the Accounts

and, in turn, caused Defendant to realize an increase in its business revenues.

39. Upon information and belief, a large number of people have viewed the unlawful copies of the Video on the Accounts.

40. Upon information and belief, Defendant at all times had the ability to stop the reproduction and display of Plaintiff's copyrighted material.

41. Defendant's use of the Video harmed the actual market for the Video.

42. Defendant's use of the Video, if widespread, would harm Plaintiff's potential market for the Video.

43. On June 28, 2023, Plaintiff, via counsel, served a letter seeking to address the complaints contained herein concerning Defendant's infringement of Plaintiff's rights-protected work.

44. Despite Plaintiff's efforts and willingness to address Defendant's infringing activity Defendant failed to respond and Plaintiff was forced to seek judicial intervention for Defendant's infringing activity.

45. Further, despite Plaintiff's notification to Defendant concerning its infringing activity, Defendant continues to infringe on Plaintiff's work thereby establishing the willful nature of its conduct.

46. As a result of Defendant's misconduct, Plaintiff has been substantially harmed.

FIRST COUNT

(Direct Copyright Infringement, 17 U.S.C. §501 et seq.)

47. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs, as though set forth in full herein.

48. The Video is an original, creative work in which Plaintiff owns a valid copyright.

49. The Video is properly registered with the USCO and Plaintiff has complied with all statutory formalities under the Copyright Act and under regulations published by the USCO.

50. Plaintiff has not granted Defendant a license or the right to use the Video in any manner, nor has Plaintiff assigned any of its exclusive rights in the copyright to Defendant.

51. Without permission or authorization from Plaintiff and in willful violation of Plaintiff's rights under 17 U.S.C. §106, Defendant improperly and illegally copied, reproduced, distributed, adapted, and/or publicly displayed works copyrighted by Plaintiff thereby violating one of Plaintiff's exclusive rights in its copyrights.

52. Defendant's reproduction of the Video and display of the Video constitutes willful copyright infringement.

53. Upon information and belief, Defendant willfully infringed upon Plaintiff's copyrighted Video in violation of Title 17 of the U.S. Code, in that Defendant used, published, communicated, posted, publicized, and otherwise held out to the public for commercial benefit, Plaintiff's original and unique Video without Plaintiff's consent or authority, by using it on the Accounts.

54. As a result of Defendant's violations of Title 17 of the U.S. Code, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of actual damages and disgorgement of all of Defendant's profits attributable to the infringements as provided by 17 U.S.C. § 504 in an amount to be proven or, in the alternative, at Plaintiff's election, an award for statutory damages against Defendant for each infringement pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c).

55. As a result of the Defendant's violations of Title 17 of the U.S. Code, the court in its discretion may allow the recovery of full costs as well as reasonable attorney's fees and costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505 from Defendant.

56. As a result of Defendant's violations of Title 17 of the U.S. Code, Plaintiff is entitled to injunctive relief to prevent or restrain infringement of his copyright pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502.

JURY DEMAND

57. Plaintiff hereby demands a trial of this action by jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests judgment as follows:

That the Court enters a judgment finding that Defendant has infringed on Plaintiff's rights to the Video in violation of 17 U.S.C. §501 *et seq.* and therefore award damages and monetary

relief as follows:

- a. finding that Defendant infringed Plaintiff's copyright interest in and to the Video by copying and displaying it without a license or consent;
- b. for an award of actual damages and disgorgement of all of Defendant's profits attributable to the infringements as provided by 17 U.S.C. § 504(b) in an amount to be proven or, in the alternative, at Plaintiff's election, an award for statutory damages against Defendant for each infringement pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), whichever is larger;
- c. for an order pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502(a) enjoining Defendant from any infringing use of any of Plaintiff's works;
- d. for costs of litigation and reasonable attorney's fees against Defendant pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505;
- e. for pre-judgment interest as permitted by law; and
- f. for any other relief the Court deems just and proper.

DATED: December 18, 2023

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